# Executable Domain Model

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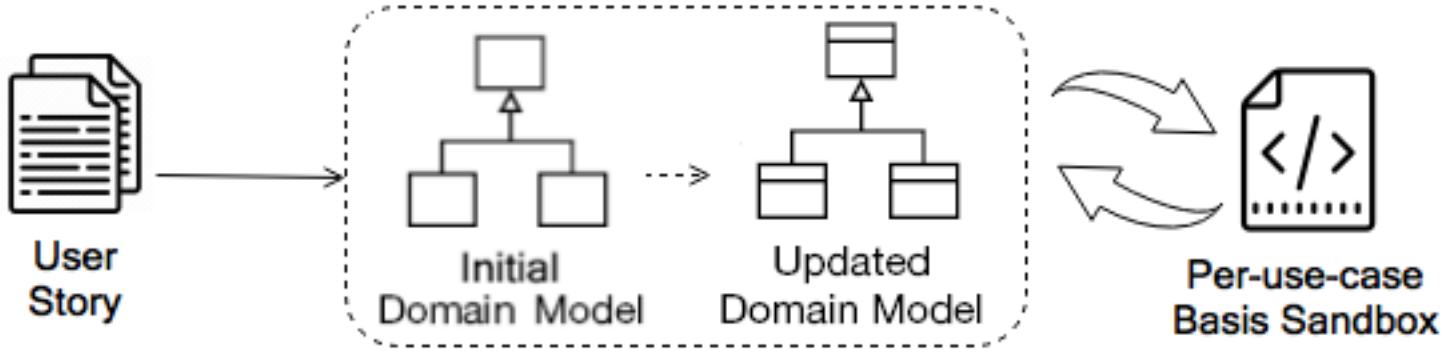
# Outline

- Domain Models
- Domain-driven and ICSM
- **Current Progress & Infrastructures**
- Future Directions

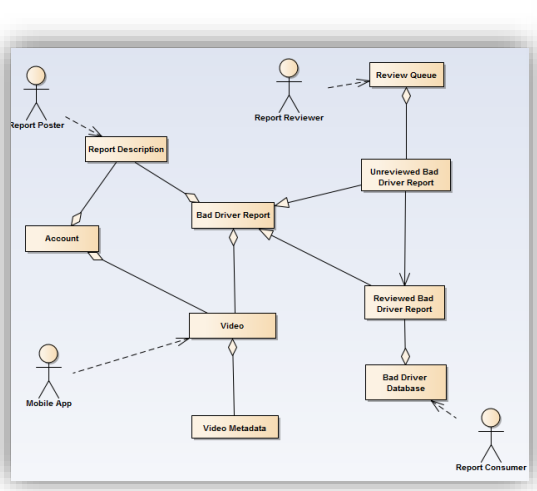
# Domain Models

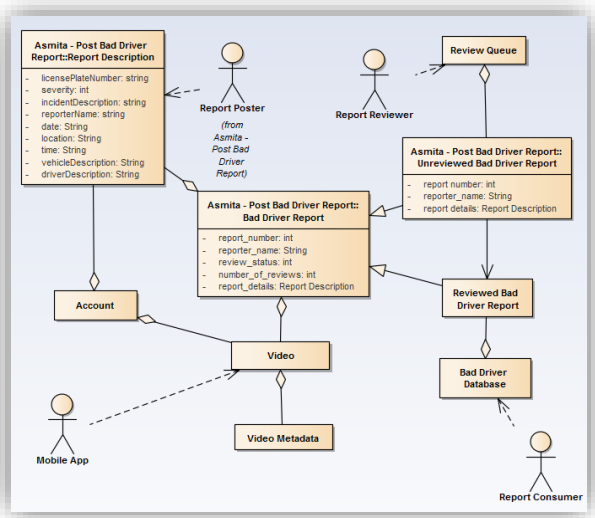
- Operational System Context
- **Application Domain Model**
  - General domain terminologies, basic notions of the application domain

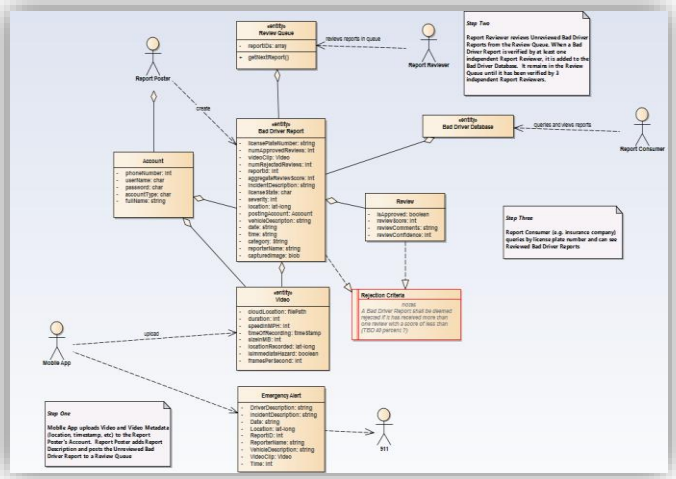


# Domain Models

- Domain Model Evolution



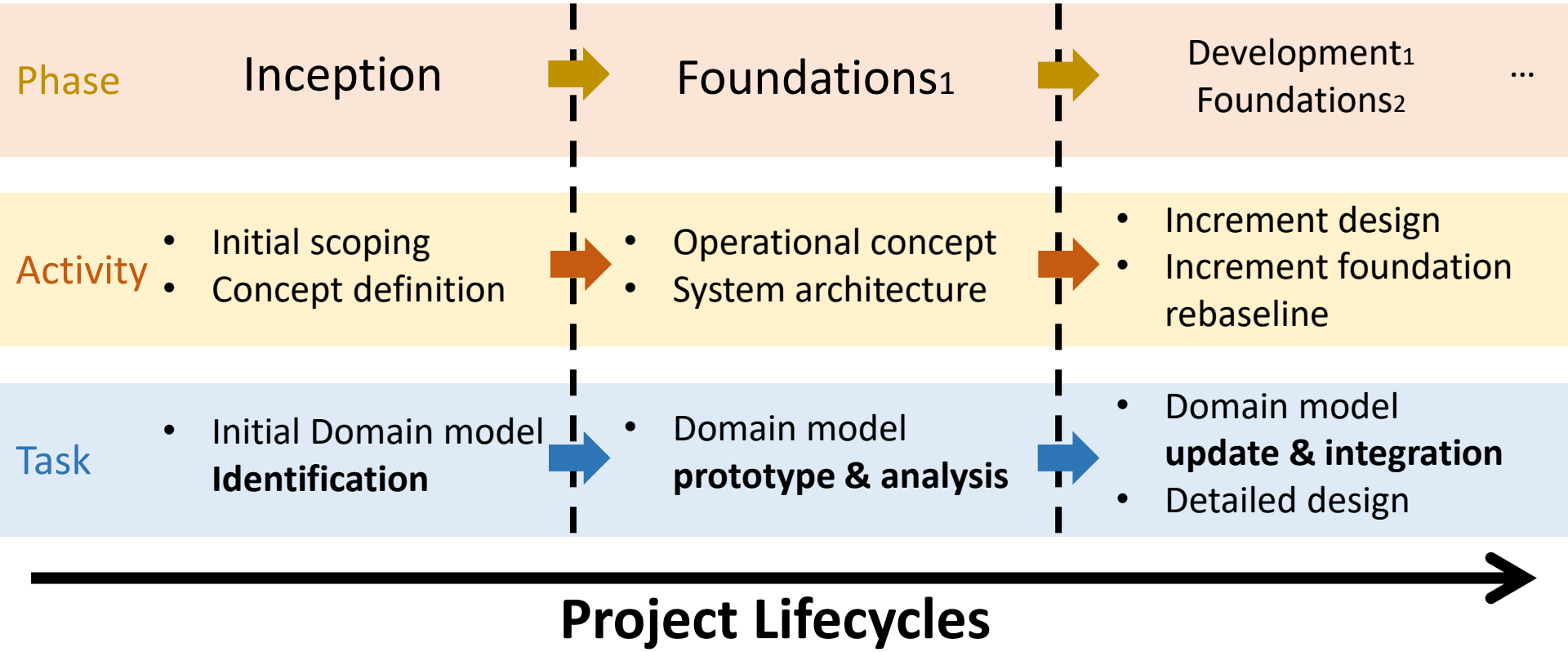




**Development Lifecycles**

# Domain-driven and ICSM

- 3 phases focusing on domain modeling



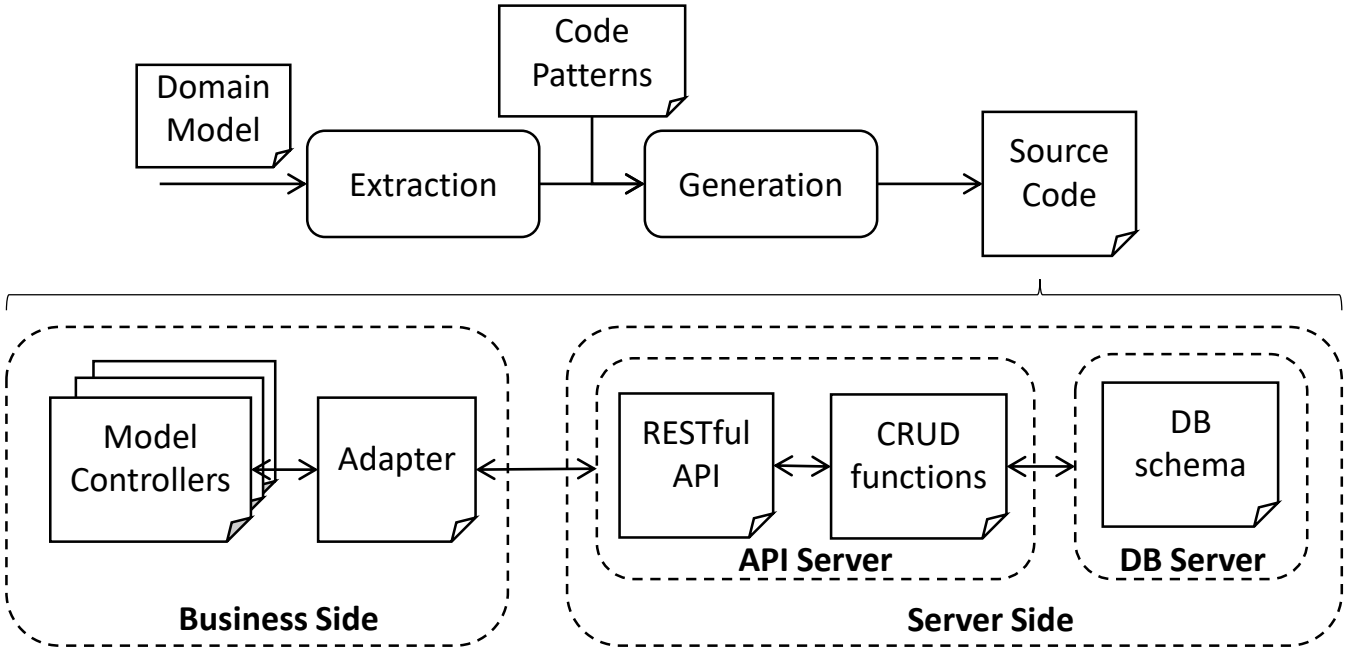
- Initial Domain model **Identification**
- Domain model **prototype & analysis**
- Domain model **update & integration**
- Detailed design

- Code generation built upon

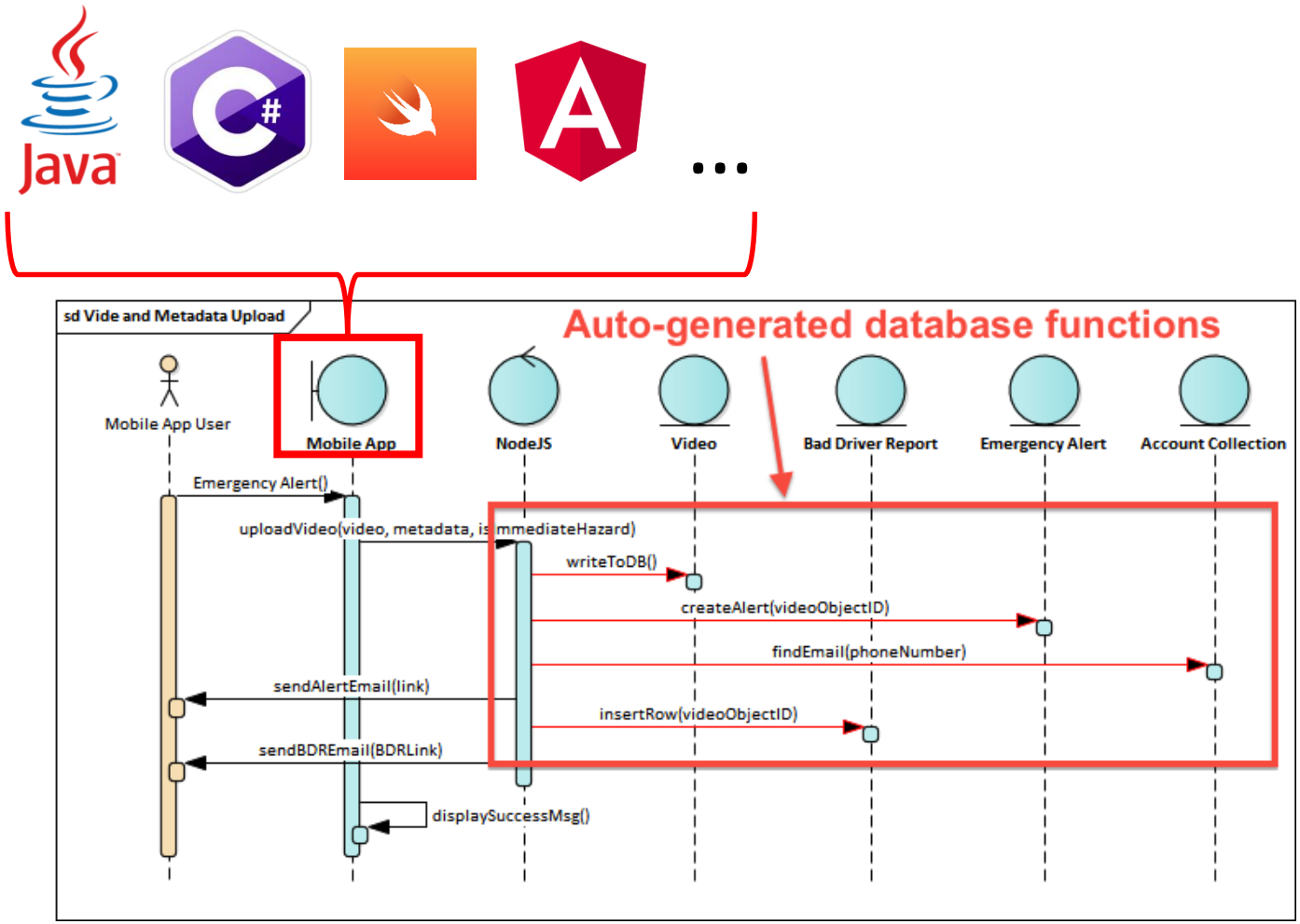

**Problem Domain Abstraction**


**Easy Access**

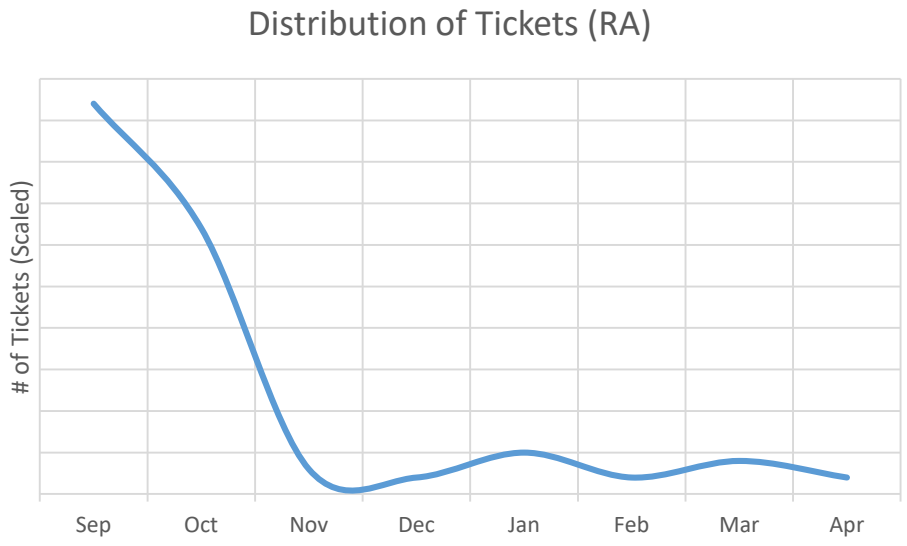

**Flexible Schema**



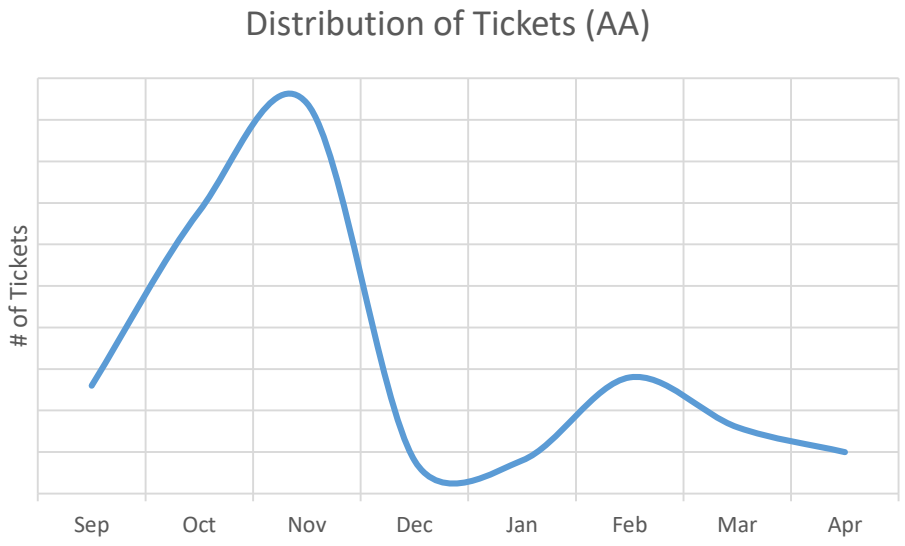
# Overview of generated code and benefits



# Comparison of tickets distribution




Agile development with Executable Domain Model



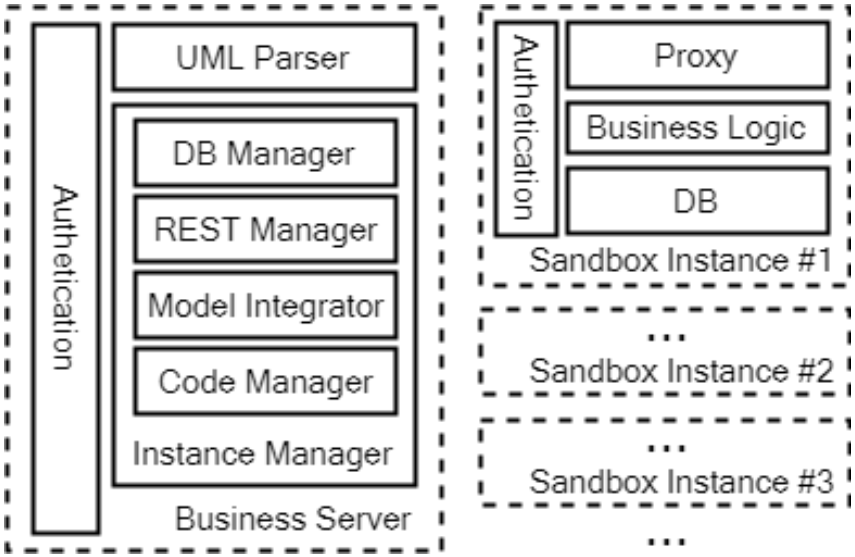

General Agile Development in CS577

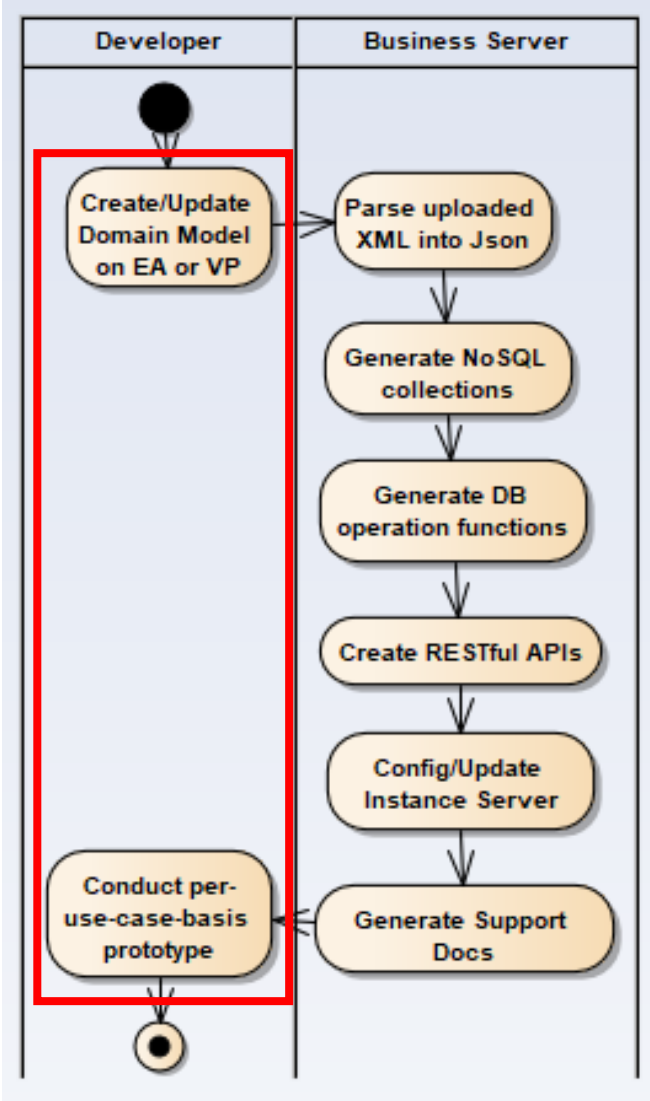
Tickets related to domain modeling and server-side construction for service-oriented projects

- More effort spent on design update in early stages
- Less issues generated in later stages

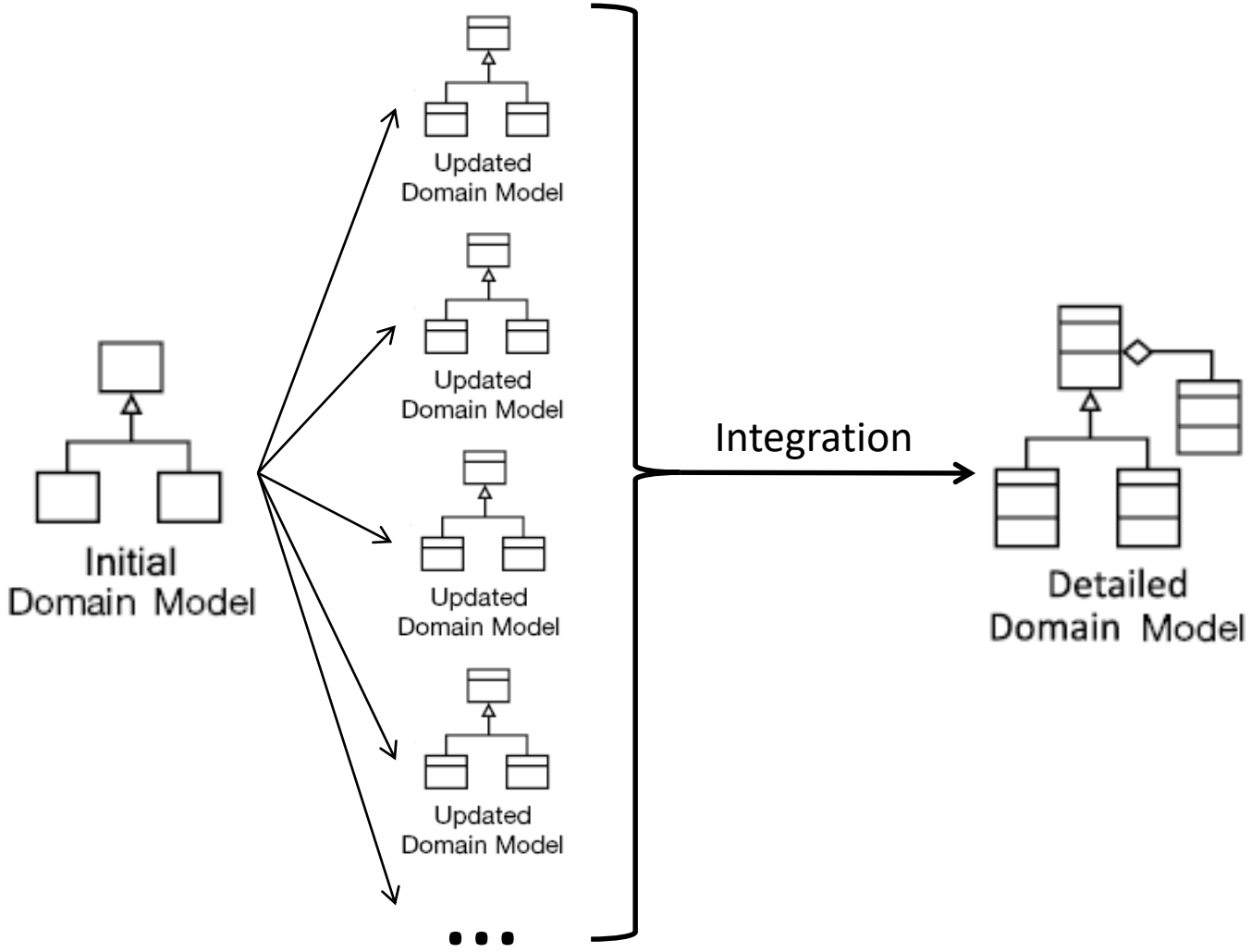
# Infrastructures

- Domain Modeling Tool
  - —Enterprise Architect (EA) & Visual Paradigm(VP)
- Amazon EC2
  - — Business Server (Python Flask)
  - — RESTful API server (NodeJS), DB (MongoDB)



# Enable per-use-case-basis sandbox development in parallel



# Feedback-driven on bug-free featured templates development

- Functionality
  - — Large files, Email, Spatial querying, etc.
- Server-side Observability
  - — Logging, Exception, Health
- Security
  - — Encryption and Permission control
- Experience gained from Parallel Agile projects
  - original concept (LBA)
  - need for large file support (CarmaCam)
  - need for API documentation (TikiMan and CarmaCam)
  - need for database and API security (CarmaCam)
  - …

- Extract potential entities from User Story
  - ~~—Use case specification~~
  - —Win conditions
    - 39 projects, 865 win conditions
    - 80% **Functional requirements**
      As [a|an] …[, ][I i] [can|should|shall]…
    - 12% non-functional requirements
      (The)?[Ss]ystem [shall|should|must]…
    - 8% Others
- TDs and POS-tags
  - — Type Dependencies (TDs): Grammatical dependency between the words of a sentence.
  - — Parts-of-Speech tags (POS-tags): words in a sentence tagged (or annotated) with parts of speech, such as noun, pronoun, verb, adjective, etc.

As a user , I can view other users' profiles so that I can see their information and points.

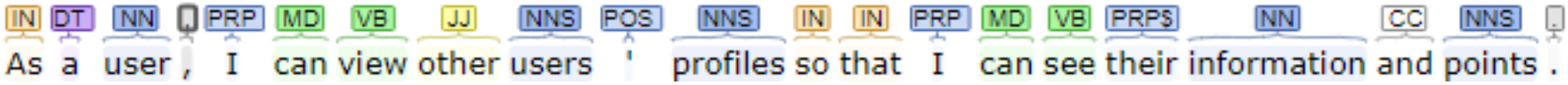



Figure out nouns based on POS-tags

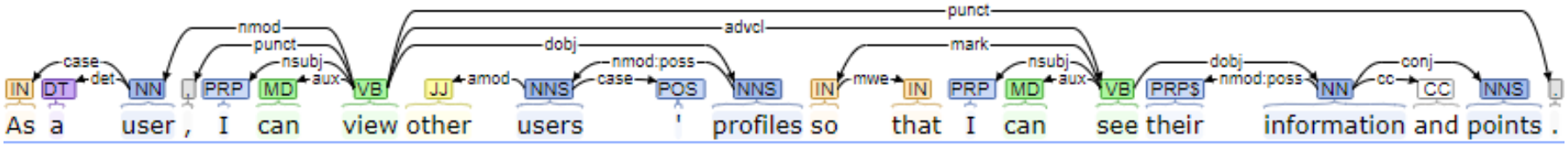
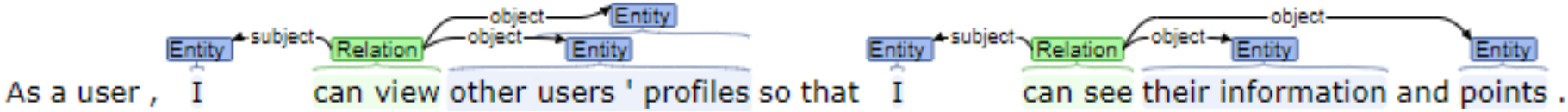



Figure out Sentence Structure Rule based on TDs




| Users' Profiles |
| --- |
| - information<br>- points |

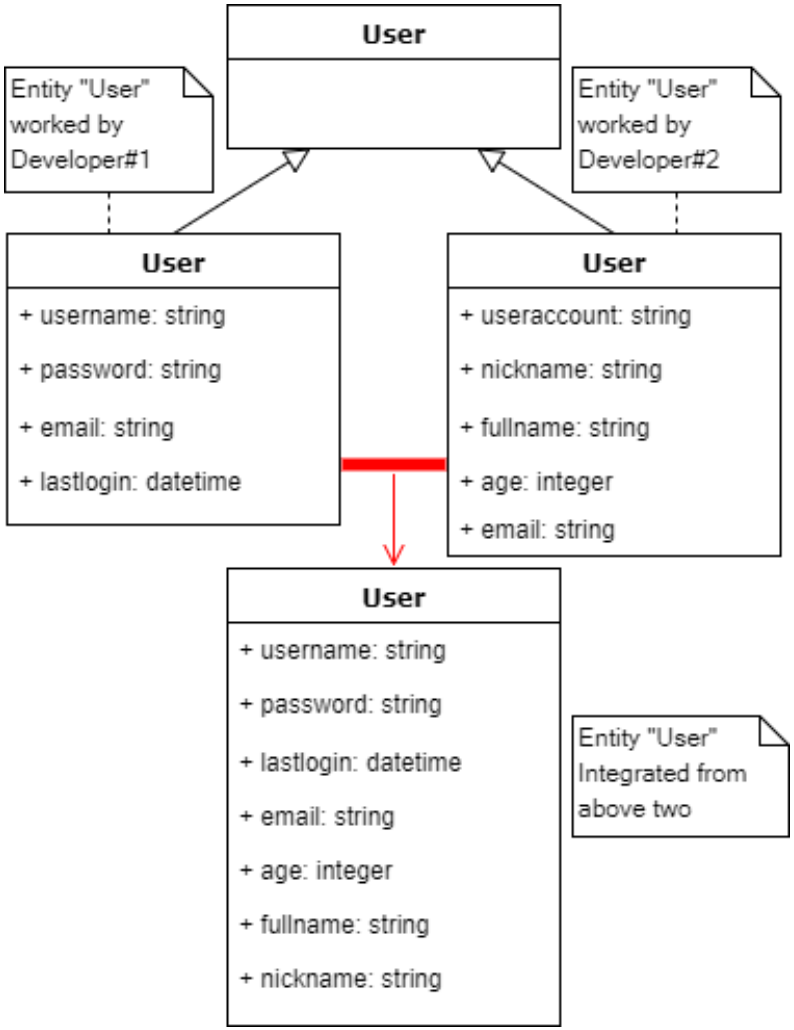
- **Intersection**

  “email” appears in both user case.
- **Intersection***

  “username” and “useraccount” in different use case are talking about the same thing.
- **Relative Complement**

  “password” and “lastlogin” only appear in Developer#1’s use case while “nickname”, “fullname” and “age” only appear in Developer#2’s use case.
- There may be other cases (TBD)

  E.g. an attribute is removed or moved from User entity to another entity. (Out of the problem scope)



# Solution

- Heuristic:
  - —Infer from the DataType of attribute. It will partition potential attributes with same data type. Attributes with different data type cannot be **Intersection***
  - —Infer from the testing data about the value format of the attributes. Same data format (e.g. email format, phone # format, all digits, same length or same complex data type, etc.) may denote to **Intersection***
  - —Semantic Similarity could be cost function:
    - Pre-define a synonyms model, then figure out Cosine or Euclidean during the runtime.
- The result could be sent to human for final adjustment

# Thank You

- Questions?